Report of the Bradford South Area Coordinator to the meeting of Bradford South Area Committee to be held on Thursday 17th March 2022

Y

Subject:

LOCALITIES UPDATE

Summary statement:

The Area Office is leading on an engagement process across Bradford South. This report gives Committee members the opportunity to discuss relevant issues to include in the process.

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1. SUMMARY

1.1 The Area Office is leading on an engagement process across Bradford South. This report gives Committee members the opportunity to discuss relevant issues to include in the process.

2. BACKGROUND

2.1 See Localities Review to the Bradford South Area Committee report on October 28th 2021

3. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 In the December meeting the following were raised and will be included in the Localities Plan:

1. Avoidable deaths of young men and developing preventative approaches

2. Locality approaches to dealing with Domestic Violence and learning from the IDVA in Buttershaw on how to improve support across the Area

3. Dealing with inappropriate use of Quads and Nuisance Motorbikes

4. Improving the identifying of people who may become vulnerable during inclement weather conditions to offer appropriate support when necessary

5. Stone throwing and the wider impact on communities

3.2 The following issues were added in the January meeting

1. Supporting the further development of Dementia Friendly Communities

2. Developing better connections with the natural world\climate issues as a means of building resilience in children, young people and families, as well as caring for the neighbourhood:

3. Enjoyment of local green space – impacting on physical and mental health, awareness of stewardship

4. Linking people with food growing opportunities in their neighbourhoods, and developing new ones – impacting on physical\mental health, saving money, developing self-reliance, raising awareness of provenance etc

5. Helping people save money on fuel – sign posting to practical help with energy efficiency\insulation, Advice worker support

6. Developing information on all neighbourhood resources and activities which is kept up to date for use by all partners working on prevention:
    - Link up all partners currently working on such a resource to create one offer
    - Devise ways of ensuring this is kept updated and accessible to all who can benefit, including residents

3.3 Councillors were supportive in the January meeting of the specific issues highlighted above and also asked that broader analysis is undertaken on Education, Housing, Jobs and the Environment that have been articulated in the Council Plan.

Councillors also highlighted:

- That ward issues were picked up in developing the Plan as they differed from ward to ward.
- That issues around education, employment, environment were the bigger issues, however speeding and parking issues affected people's quality of life and therefore actions had to be ward specific.
- That addressing the issue of those Not in Employment, Education and Training were crucial in solving issues around anti-social behaviour.

3.4 A dataset has been developed using Power Bi. The appendix to this report is based on this information and this will provide a significant part of the evidence which will be used to prioritise.

3.5 A Localities Survey has also been undertaken and there will be a verbal update to the meeting on progress on this survey.

4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

4.1 Not applicable.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES

5.1 No significant risks.

6. LEGAL APPRAISAL

6.1 There are no known legal implications.

7. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

7.1 EQUALITY & DIVERSITY

7.1.1 Opportunity for Councillors to discuss how to address inequalities

7.2 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

7.2.2 The involvement of a wide range of partners in working together to address community safety and crime issues contributes to finding sustainable solutions.

7.3 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS

7.3.1 No impacts.

7.4 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

7.4.1 Opportunities for Councillors to discuss issues related to Community Safety.

7.5 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

7.5.1 No specific implications.

7.6 TRADE UNION

7.6.1 None.

7.7 WARD IMPLICATIONS

7.7.1 The information provided in this report is relevant to all Wards within Bradford South Area.

7.8 AREA COMMITTEE WARD PLAN IMPLICATIONS

7.8.1 The actions contained within this report impact on all the priorities.

8. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

8.1 None.

9. OPTIONS

9.1 This report is presented primarily for information.

10. RECOMMENDATIONS

10.1 Area Coordinator to include ideas from the discussion in the December, January and March Area Committees within the development of the Bradford South Localities Plan 2022-26

11. APPENDICES

11.1 APPENDIX A   Bradford South Statistics

12. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

12.1 Localities Review report to the Bradford South Area Committee on the 28th October.

Bradford South Statistics

Index

City of
BRADFORD
METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

The drop down bar can be used to select a topic, or you can browse through topics by clicking on the buttons below.

Page Name. (Topic)

Ambulance Call Out

Demographics

Better Skills, More Good Jobs and a Growing Economy

Decent Homes

Good Start, Great Schools

Better Health, Better Lives

Safe, Strong and Active Communities

A Sustainable District

If you have any queries please contact: Anne-Marie Woolham (anne-marie.woolham@bradford.gov.uk)

This is the front index page of the powerbi, where indicators have been sorted under the Council Plan themes and demographics.

Demographics

Population by Age

Religion and Ethnicity

Population Density

Indices of Multiple Deprivation

Under each of the themes, is the list of topics included. In demographics this is population by age, religion and ethnicity, population density and indices of multiple deprivation.

Better Skills, More Good Jobs and a Growing Economy

Claimant Count
Universal Credit
Job Seekers Allowance
Annual Individual Incomes
Annual Household Income
Occupations
Enterprises
Working Households
Employment Centre Accessibility
Employment Rate
Economically Inactive Rate
Qualifications
Apprenticeships

Under Better Skills, More Good Jobs and a Growing Economy are: claimant count, universal credit, job seekers allowance, annual individual income, annual household income, occupation, enterprises, working households, employment centre accessibility, employment rate, economically inactive rate, qualifications and apprenticeships.

Decent Homes

Property Sales and Types of Property
House Prices
Overcrowding
Energy Efficiency and Fuel Poverty
Tenure Types

Under Decent Homes are: property sales and types of property, house prices, overcrowding, energy efficiency and fuel poverty and tenure types.

Good Start, Great Schools

Low Income Families
Child Dependency Ratio
Young Person Hospital Admissions
Childhood Obesity
0-5 Framework
Key Stage 2
Key Stage 4
Key Stage 5
NEET

Under Good Start, Great Schools are: low income families, child dependency ratio, young person hospital admissions, childhood obesity, 0-5 framework, key stage 2, key stage 4, key stage 5 and NEET.

Better Health, Better Lives

Life Expectancy
Health and Illness
Emergency Hospital Admissions
Deaths
Cancer
Health Related Benefits
Mental Health
COVID
Old Age Dependency Ratio

Under Better Health, Better Lives are: life expectancy, health and illness, emergency hospital admissions, deaths, cancer, health related benefits, mental health, COVID and old age dependency ratio.

Safe, Strong and Active Communities

Crime Numbers

Ambulance Call Out for Assault

Police Recorded Violence

Fire Call Out

CRM Report

Fly Tipping

Under Strong, Safe and Active Communities are: crime numbers, ambulance call outs for assault, police recorded violence, fire call outs, CRM report and fly tipping.
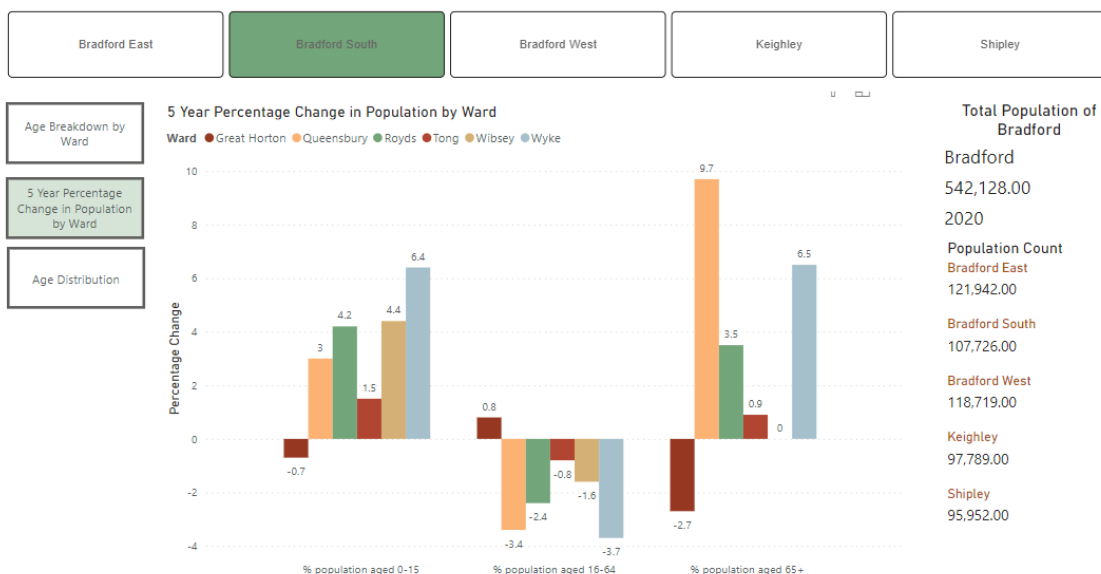
A Sustainable District

Domestic Gas Use

Domestic Electricity Use

Under A Sustainable District are: domestic gas use and domestic electricity use.
There are still some indicators which have not yet been input into the powerbi.

Once clicking on the topics the data is displayed like this. On the left hand side are the indicators included within the topic to choose from (5 Year Percentage Change is chosen here). At the top is the option to view wards within one constituency (Bradford South is chosen here), or you can view all 30 for comparison.

All wards apart from Great Horton have seen an increase in the proportion of the population aged 0-15 and aged 65+ (asides from Wibsey where 65+ has stayed the same), with a decrease in the since of the working aged population (16-64) from 2015 to 2020. Great Horton has seen an increase in its working age population of 0.8% and a decline in the proportion of those aged 0-15 and 65+. Some of the most significant increases are in the 65+ population in Queensbury and Wyke which have increase in their share of the population by 9.7% and 6.5% respectively from 2015 to 2020.
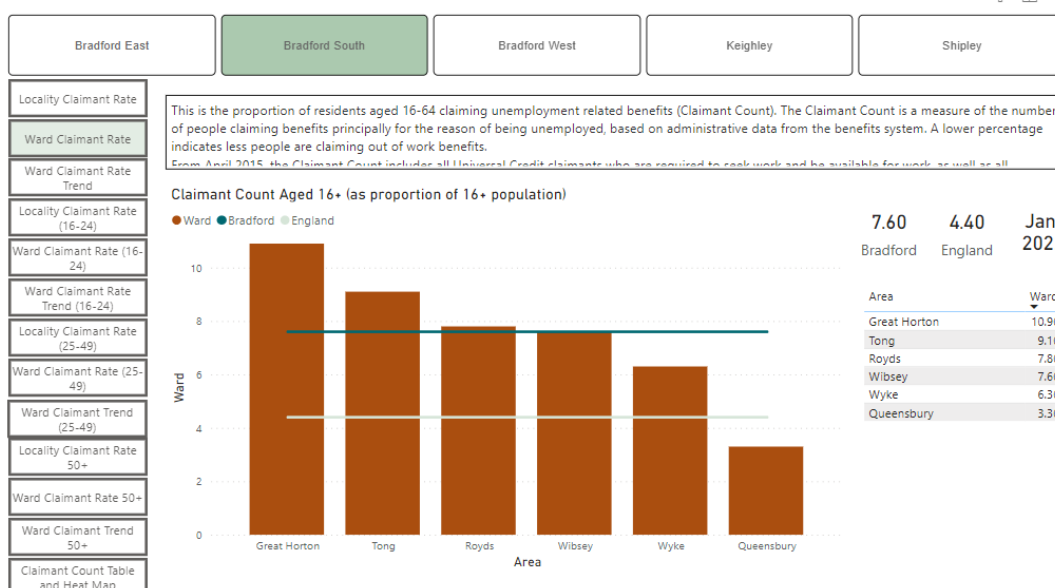

Pages contain data information at the top which includes the definitions of the indicators and their source.

Great Horton has the 6th highest claimant rate in the district (Jan 2022) with a rate of 10.9% and Tong the 8th, 9.1%, the highest rate in Bradford is Manningham 14.4%. Royds

has a claimant rate of 7.8%, Wibsey 7.6% and Wyke 6.3%. All wards apart from Queensbury (3.3%) have a higher rate than the national average of 4.4% and the lowest rate in Bradford is Wharfdale 1.4%.
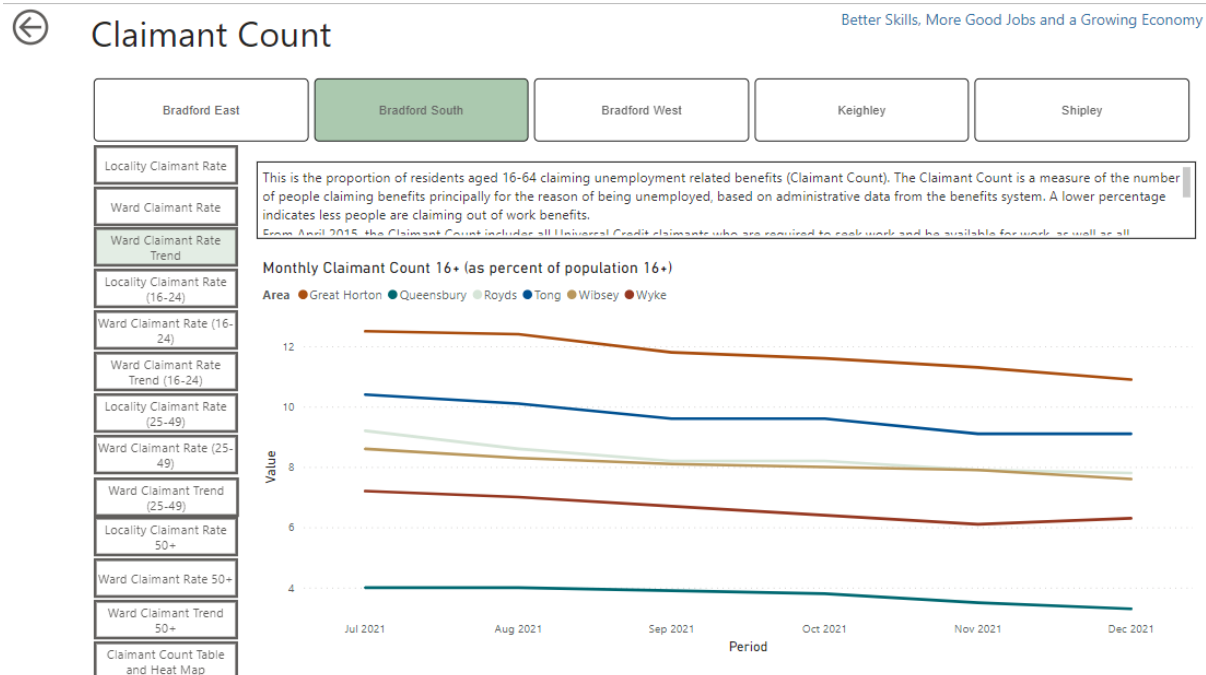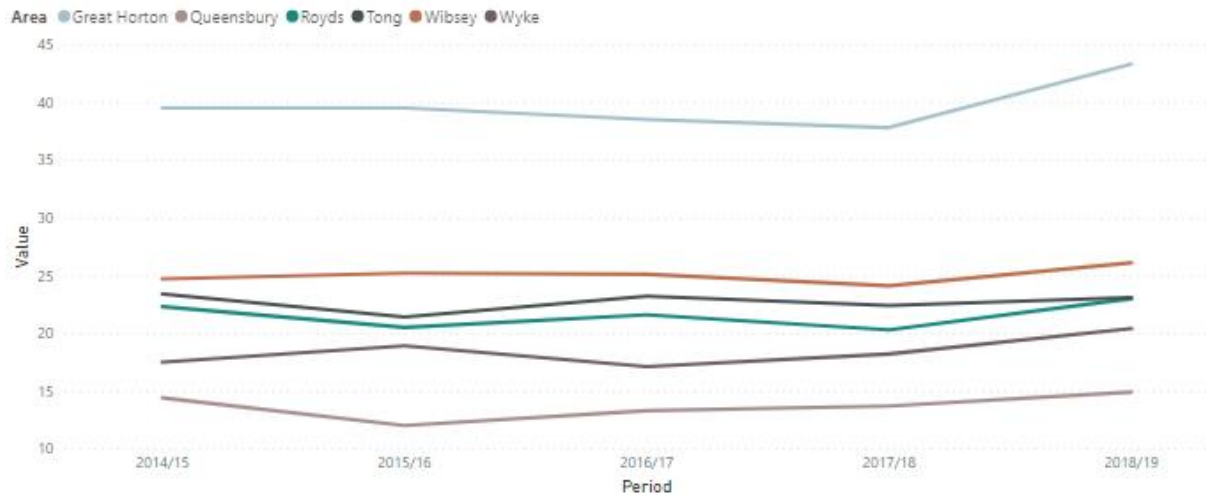

In the past 6 months the claimant rate in all six wards has been slowly decreasing.
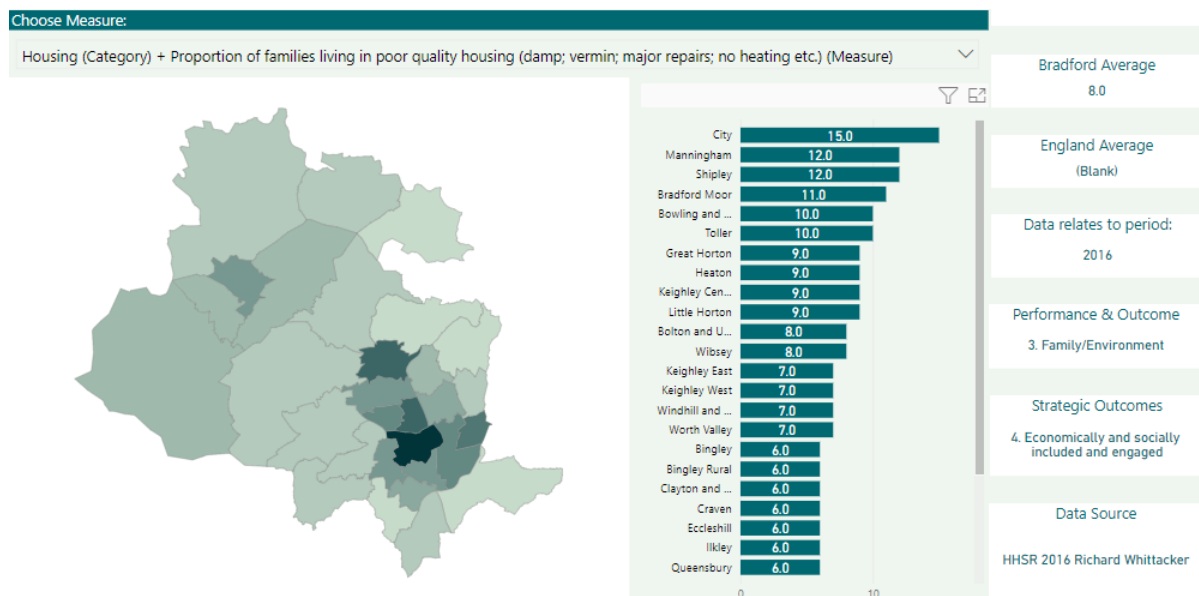
The 2016 HHSR survey indicates that 9% of families with 0-5 year olds in Great Horton are living in poor quality housing. 8% of families in Wibsey are, 6% in Queensbury and Wyke and 5% in Tong and Royds. The poor quality housing measure indicates that houses have at least one of damp, vermin, no heating and/or is in need of major repairs.

The district rate of absolute low income families is 30.4%. Great Horton is ranked 6th highest in the district with a rate of 43.3%. Wibsey has a rate of 26.1%, Tong 23.1%, Royds 23%, Wyke 20.4% and Queensbury 14.9%. The national average is 15.3% and the lowest rate in Bradford is 5.9% in Wharfdale. The rates have risen slightly since 2014/2015 in 5 of the wards but in Great Horton there was an almost 6% increase from 2017/2018 to 2018-2019.
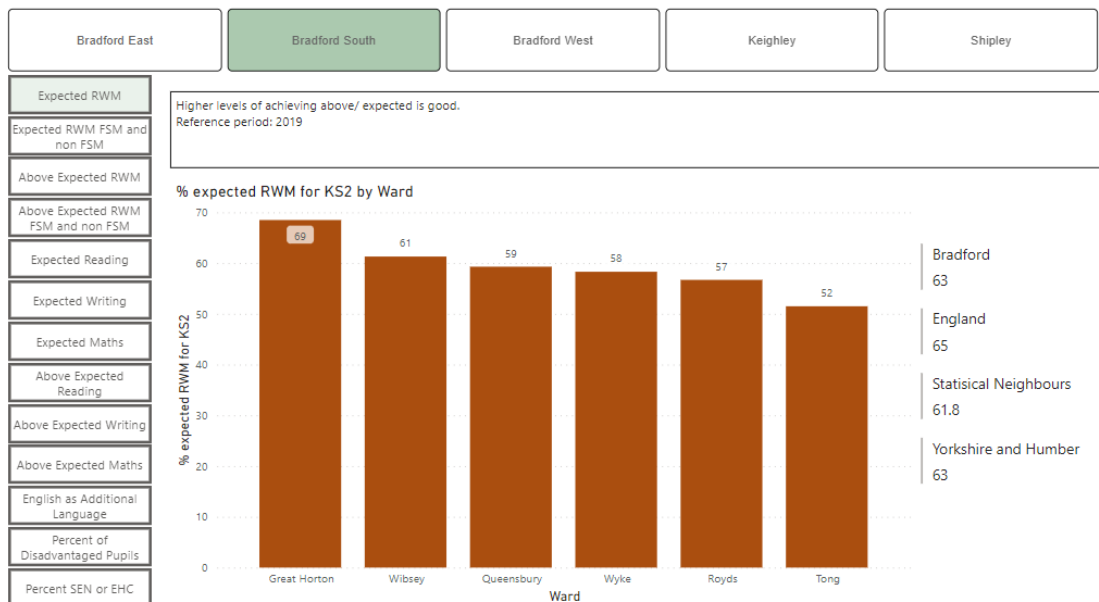
All wards accept Great Horton have a lower than district, statistical neighbours and regional average of pupils achieving the expected level in KS2 reading, writing and maths. These statistics are based on school achievements within each ward. Tong has the 2nd lowest rate of pupils achieving the expected level in RWM in the district with only 52%, Royds is 5th with 57%, Wyke 6th with 58%, Queensbury 12th with 59%, Wibsey 16th at 61% and Great Horton 24th with 69%. The highest rate in the district is in Wharfdale 82%.

| Bradford East | Bradford South | Bradford West | Keighley | Shipley |

Average Attainment 9 Score

Percent 9-5 Pass at GCSE

Ebacc APS

Progress 8 Score

Proportion of Disadvantaged Pupils

Proportion of Pupils with SEN or EHC

Proportion of Pupils with English as Additional Language

This is the number of pupils achieving grades 9-5 in both English and Maths at Key Stage 4 (KS4) as a percentage of the number of pupils at the end of KS4. A higher score is better, these figures are based on where the pupils attends school, not where they live.

In 2014/15 and earlier, where the English language and English literature option was chosen in English, exams in both must be taken and a C grade or

Percentage of students achieving 9-5 passes in English and Maths at GCSE by Ward

| Ward	Percentage of students achieving 9-5 passes in English and Maths at GCSE
Great Horton	33.80
Wyke	33.80
Tong	27.70
Royds	26.70
Queensbury	22.70
Wibsey	

KS4 data is not available for all wards within the district based on school location. Great Horton and Wyke have a rate of 33.8% making them the 9th highest rank out of the 22 available wards in Bradford for percent achieving 9-5 passes in GCSE English and Maths, the highest rate is in Ilkley 65%. Tong has a rate of 27.7% making it 14th, Royds is 15th with 26.7% and Queensbury 21st with 22.7%. The lowest rate in Bradford is in Manningham, 14%.

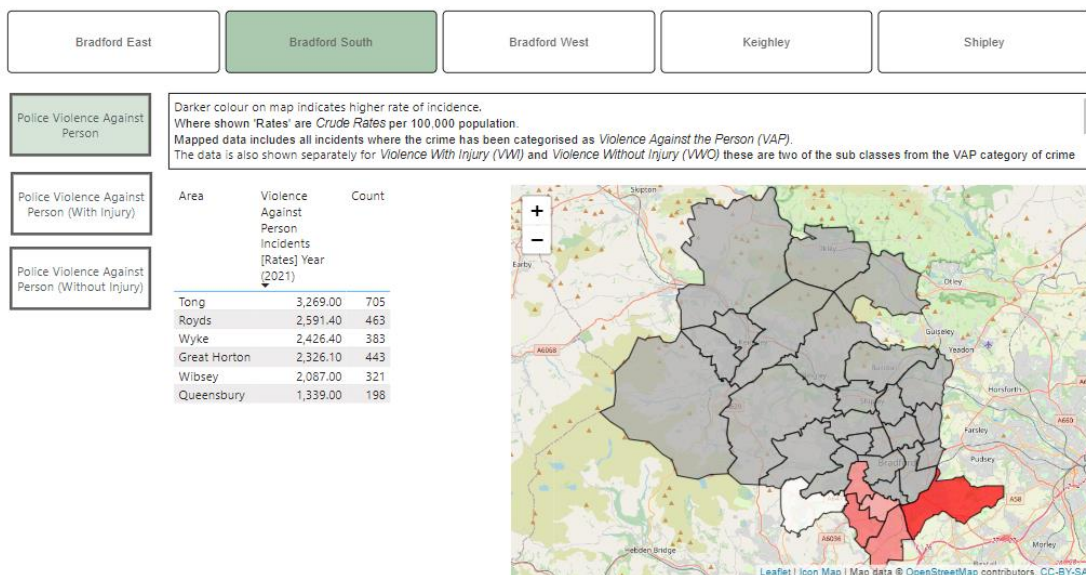**Sum of Percent NEET and Unknown by Area**
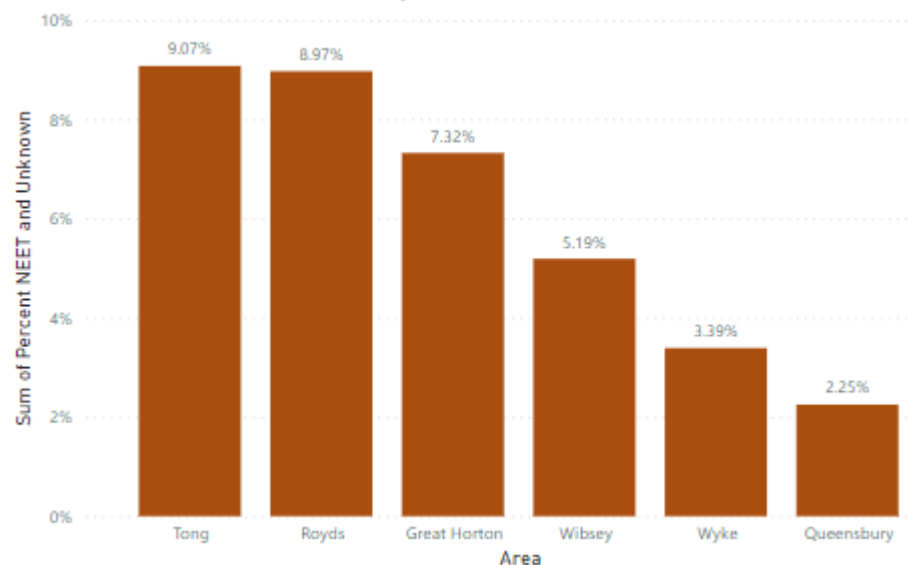
Tong has a rate of NEET (not in education, employment or training at 16/17) or unknown of 9.07%, this is the highest in the district. Royds has the 2nd highest in the district of 8.97%. Great Horton is 6th with a rate of 7.32%, Wibsey 13th with 5.19%, Wyke 21st with 3.39% and Queensbury is 24th with 2.25%.

Count of Crime

2021-12
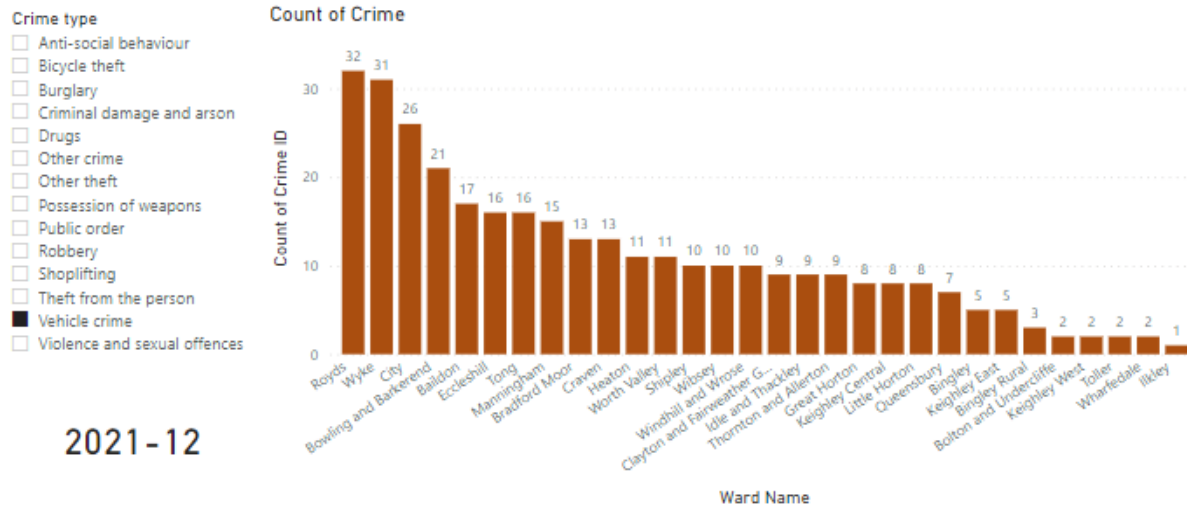
In December 2021, Royds and Wyke had the highest count of vehicle crime in Bradford and Tong had the 7th highest, this is based on police recorded crime.

Police Recorded Violence Against Persons

Area	Violence Against Person Incidents [Rates] Year (2021)	Count
Tong	3,269.00	705
Royds	2,591.40	463
Wyke	2,426.40	383
Great Horton	2,326.10	443
Wibsey	2,087.00	321
Queensbury	1,339.00	198

Tong has the 4th highest rate of violence against person incidences recorded by the police, 3,269 per 100,000. Royds is 8th with 2,591 per 100,000 and Wyke is 10th 2426 per 100,000 Great Horton 13th, Wibsey 17th and Queensbury 22nd with 1,339 per 100,000. The lowest rate in Bradford is in Wharfdale 388 per 100,000. The darker saturation on the map indicates a higher count. Again this has been filtered to Bradford South wards, but this filter can be removed to compare across all wards.

Fire Call Outs

| Bradford East	Bradford South	Bradford West	Keighley	Shipley

Darker red indicates a higher rate of fire call outs (per 100,000)
Data includes all *deliberate fire incidents*, and also any incident where an *attack on fire crew* was recorded.
Primary fires are generally more serious fires that harm people or cause damage to property. Secondary fires are generally small outdoor fires, not involving people or property.

Ward	Fire Incident Rate per 100,000	Count of Fire Incident
Tong	765.10	165
Eccleshill	636.00	113
Bowling and Barkerend	461.50	112
City	451.50	119
Keighley Central	389.60	67
Idle and Thackley	380.10	72
Royds	358.20	64
Little Horton	302.50	72
Clayton and Fairweather Green	301.40	54
Bradford Moor	300.70	60
Manningham	296.80	59
Great Horton	267.80	51
Heaton	250.50	45
Keighley West	210.60	35
Windhill and Wrose	204.80	34
Thornton and Allerton	191.20	35
Bolton and Undercliffe	190.30	31
Keighley East	143.70	25
Wibsey	143.00	22
Wyke	133.00	21

Leaflet | Icon Map | Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors, CC-BY-SA
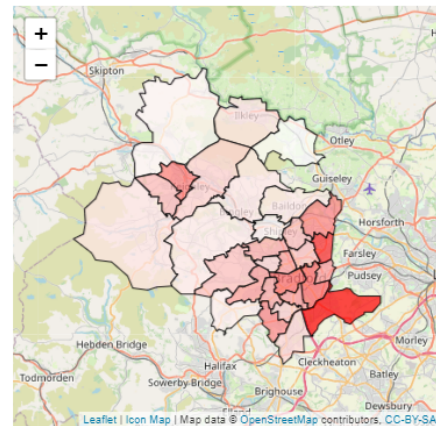
Tong has the highest rate in the district for fire incident call outs with 756.1 per 100,000 in 2021. Royds is 7th with a rate of 358.1, Great Horton 12th with 267.8, Wibsey 19th with 143, Wyke 20th with 133 and Queensbury has one of the lowest rates in the district of 54 per 100,000.